

Using Ambient Vibration Array Techniques for Site Characterization and Seismic Microzonation

Sunday, February 21st to Sunday, February 28th 2010
Thessaloniki, Greece

Course outline

	Sunday	
09:00-09:30	Reception and welcome	
09:30-10:30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical issues and program overview Physical background of ambient vibrations and their use for site microzonation	Lecture
10:30-11:30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State of the art about the nature of the ambient vibration wave field. • The linkage between subsurface structure and wave field propagation properties: relationships between site conditions, Rayleigh ellipticity, Airy phase of Love waves and S_H transfer function. • Review of world-wide studies using ambient vibrations. Scientific issues regarding use of ambient noise for site characterization	Lecture
11:30-11:45	Coffee break	
11:45-12:45	Single station measurement, H/V	Lecture
12:45-13:30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computation and interpretation of horizontal to vertical spectral ratio technique (H/V) • Effects of experimental conditions. Introduction to sesarray package	Exercises
13:30-15:00	Lunch break	
15:00-15:30	Introduction to sesarray package (continued)	Exercises
15:30-16:30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sesarray software philosophy. • Introduction to general features (figures handling, on-line command tools, data management, etc ...) . Single station measurement, H/V	Exercises
16:30-16:45	Coffee break	
16:45-18:00	Single station measurement, H/V (continued)	Exercises

- Geopsy tools for H/V.
- Field data examples.

Monday

9:00-11:00 **Basic array processing concepts (conventional and high-resolution frequency wavenumber, f-k)** Lecture

- Overview array processing methods.
- The intuitive shift-and-sum technique in time domain and its transposition into the frequency wavenumber (f-k) domain.
- Discrete spatial sampling of the continuous seismic wave field (by small groups of seismic stations - arrays) : concepts of resolution and aliasing.
- Resolution and aliasing of simple linear array layouts and generalisation to bi-dimensional array settings.
- Relation between array geometry and resulting estimation capabilities: rules of thumb and the array response function.
- Background of a widely used method, the high resolution f-k method after Capon (1969).

11:00-11:15 Coffee break

11:15-12:45 **Array geometry and f-k response** Exercises

- Computation of array response with waran_gps software: optimum usage and functionalities.
- Building experience on how modifications in array layout affect the theoretical array performances.

12:45-13:30 **Conventional and high-resolution f-k processing** Exercises

- Application of the conventional and high-resolution f-k algorithms to estimate the dispersion curves from noise synthetics.

13:30-15:00 Lunch break

15:00-16:30 **Conventional and high-resolution f-k processing (continued)** Exercises

- Application of the conventional and high-resolution f-k algorithms to estimate the dispersion curves from noise synthetics.

16:30-16:45 Coffee break

16:45-18:00 **Conventional and high-resolution f-k processing (continued)** Exercise

- Application of the conventional and high-resolution f-k algorithms to estimate the dispersion curves from noise synthetics.

Tuesday

9:00-10:30 **Spatial autocorrelation method (SPAC)** Lecture

- Background of the spatial autocorrelation technique (SPAC) introduced by Aki (1957).

10:30-10:45 Coffee break

10:45-13:30 **Spatial autocorrelation method (SPAC)** Exercise

- Application of the method to the synthetic data set, previously mentioned.
- Comparison with FK estimates: advantages and limitations of each approach.

13:30-15:00 Lunch break

15:00-17:00 **Active surface waves techniques (SASW, MASW) and passive linear array technique** Lecture and exercise

- The SASW, MASW and passive linear array techniques: theory, acquisition,

		processing and resolution limits.	
		• Application of MASW to real data set.	
16:30-16:45	Coffee break		
16:45-18:00		Active surface waves techniques (SASW, MASW) and passive linear array technique	Exercise
		• Application of MASW to real data set.	
		Wednesday	
9:00-11:00		Dispersion curve inversion	Lecture
		• Short introduction to the fundamentals of inversion theory.	
		• Direct search methods based on a random sampling, and particularly the Neighbourhood algorithm.	
		• Specific issues solved for the inversion dispersion curves: robustness of the forward computation, non-uniqueness of the final solution.	
11:00-11:15	Coffee break		
11:15-13:30		Dispersion curve inversion	Exercises
		• Introduction to dinver software	
		• Inversion of theoretical dispersion curve in order to identify critical issues.	
		• Model parameterisation and parameter range (v_p , v_s), a natural way to introduce prior information and to reduce the non-uniqueness.	
13:30-15:00	Lunch break		
15:00-17:00		Preparation of the field experiment	Tutorial
		• Presentation of the WARAN (wireless array network) equipment.	
		• Presentation of the active seismic equipment.	
		Thursday	
8:00-18:00		Field experiment	Field
		• Field experiment in Thessaloniki (noise array and MASW).	
21:00-...	Workshop Diner		
		Friday	
9:00-11:00		Dispersion (autocorrelation) curve inversion	Exercises
		• Inversion of synthetic dispersion and autocorrelation curves.	
		• Influence of the frequency range used for inversion.	
		• Influence of prior information for reducing non-uniqueness.	
11:00-11:15	Coffee break		
11:15-13:30		Dispersion (autocorrelation) curve inversion	Exercises
...			
		• Integrating to a single dispersion curve (autocorrelation curve) dispersion curves (autocorrelation curves) obtained through different processing.	
		• Handling shear-wave profiles: extraction of usefull engineering parameters (e.g. V_{s30}).	
13:30-15:00	Lunch break		
15:00-16:30		Processing field data.	Exercises
		• Analysis of the signals recorded on the field with f-k, high-resolution f-k, SPAC and MASW techniques.	
16:30-16:45	Coffee break		

16:45-18:00		Processing field data.	Exercises
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis of the signals recorded on the field with f-k, high-resolution f-k, SPAC and MASW techniques. 	
		Saturday	
9:00-11:00		Processing field data.	Exercises
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Combining results of arrays dispersion/autocorrelation curves estimated by the different arrays. • Comparison with dispersion/autocorrelation curves obtained in previous measurements 	
11:00-11:15	Coffee break		
11:15-13:30		Processing field data.	Exercises
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decision on the usable frequency range for the inversion target. • Inversion of dispersion/autocorrelation curve in order to derive velocity model. 	
13:30-15:00	Lunch break		
15:00-16:45		Processing field data	Exercises
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inversion of dispersion/autocorrelation curve in order to derive velocity model. 	
16:45-17:00	Coffee break		
17:00-18:30		Processing field data	Exercises
...			
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extraction of velocity models and Vs30. 	
		Sunday	
9:00-11:00		Discussion of results from data sets	Moderated discussion
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comparison of the individual results obtained during the inversion. • General discussion of experience gained during this complete test. 	
11:00-11:15	Coffee break		
11:15-13:30		Course summary	Discussion
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Summary of the various steps involved for the task of ambient vibration array and MASW analysis and site characterisation by the inversion of one-dimensional earth models. Recall of the advantages and limitations of using ambient vibrations to site characterisation. 	
13:30-15:00	Lunch break		
15:00-...		Departure of Participants	Open discussion